# Aligning School Finance to Performance Goals

**Prepared for WA House K-12 Finance Workgroup** 

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# Helping Schools Accomplish Ambitious Goals

- You are addressing key questions—
  alignment and resource use
- Your questions require school finance redesign—uniform goals, beyond resource distribution to results
- There are no off-the-shelf answers staff, educators, experts, public have helpful ideas
- No example, expert, or interest can substitute for your judgment in this matter—it's up to you
- In face of uncertainty—
  studies, policies that match knowledge/agreement, and
  experiments are reasonable approaches

# A Word About Equity and Adequacy

Does adequacy mean giving up equity?

• No, it means moving from resource distribution to results.

"It would, of course, be possible for the state to offer plaintiffs <u>equal</u> educational opportunity but still offer them virtually no opportunity at all." Alabama Supreme Court, 1993

# A Word About Equity and Adequacy

continued

## Does adequacy mean more money?

• It means linking resources to learning.

Adequacy "obligates the state to provide its children with an education that will <u>in fact</u> benefit them by offering them appropriate preparation for the responsible duties of life." Alabama Supreme Court, 1993

## **SFRP—Overview**

## What is SFRP's Purpose?

• Redesign school finance to support student performance

## How will it operate?

- Provide new empirical basis and policy options
- Support policy initiatives
- Inform audiences that shape policy and practice

## SFRP—Research

#### **Knowledge base—**

- How finance structures constrain/facilitate performance
- How money matters for schools

#### **Policy options**—

- "How people learn"
- High quality teachers
- Closing the achievement gap
- High-performing schools
- Linking finance to learning
- Feasibility of redesign options

#### Implementation tools—

- Tool for simulating state problem solving with finance options
- Tool for changing district spending

## **SFRP**—Research Team

## Individuals from the following institutions:

- University of Washington
- The RAND Corporation
- University of Southern California
- University of Wisconsin, Madison
- Vanderbilt University
- Education Resource Strategies
- Sharp Consulting
- Hechinger Institute on Education and the Media

# **Asking the Right Questions**

What is the scope of a school finance system?

- State, district, school; federal, private actors
- Distribution, allocation, use of resources

# Asking the Right Question continued

## What parts deserve attention?

- Structure (formulas, programs, rules, decision points)
- Economy (tax structure and level of support)
- Information (about finance and performance)
- Knowledge (about goals and means to accomplish them)
- Politics (what, how, why, by whom decisions are made)

# **Finance-Performance Alignment**

### **Balance Points**

```
<—Structure—>
```

<--Economy-->

**OPPORTUNITY** <—Information—> CONSTRAINT

<--Knowledge-->

<—Politics—>

# Target: How Individuals Learn

- Motivation (goals and contexts)
- Capacity (general and specific skills)
- Pressure/support

   Incentives, inducements
   Information
   Materials
   Support
   Opportunities to practice
- In schools

# **Implications for Finance Policy**

- Create <u>incentives</u> that focus on performance goals
- Build <u>capacity</u> to get job done
- Seek classroom, school, or system <u>conditions</u> that link resources to learning
- Create <u>flexibility</u> for school-level problem solving
- Coordinate state, district, school roles
- Create, manage <u>data systems</u> that support alignment
- Protect students & teachers from competing demands